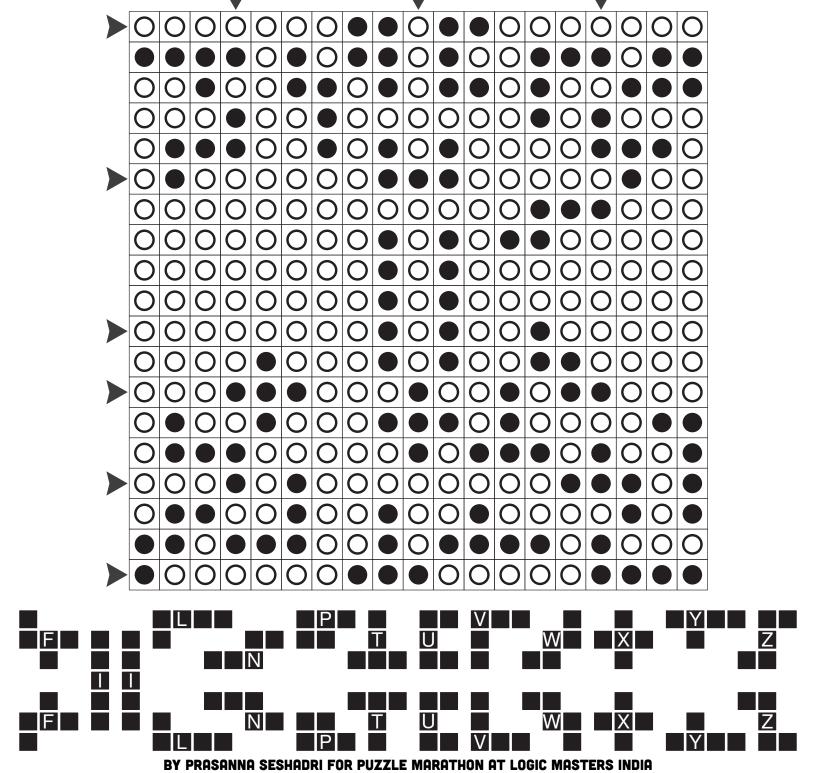
### **STATUE PARK**



Place each of the shapes from the given bank of shapes exactly once into the grid, with rotations and reflections allowed. No two shapes can overlap or be orthogonally adjacent, and all of the space not occupied by shapes must be connected. Black circles in the grid represent spaces that must be contained in one of the shapes, and white circles represent spaces that must not be contained in a shape.

This puzzle uses 2 sets of standard pentominos.

Answer key 1: Enter the first <u>three</u> pentominos seen along the marked rows. (– if not enough pentominos). Answer key 2: Enter the first <u>three</u> pentominos seen along the marked columns. (– if not enough pentominos).



### **FILLOMINO**



Divide the grid along the dotted lines into regions called polyominoes so that no two polyominoes with the same area share an edge. Inside some cells are numbers; each number must represent the area of the polyomino it belongs to. A polyomino may contain zero, one, or more of the given numbers.

Ignore the circles while solving.

Answer key: Enter the digits in circled cells from left to right. In case of double or triple digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.

20	20	15	15	15	15	15	4	4	4	3	3	3	20	20	20	2	2	4	4
20	3	5	5	5	5	15	15	4	1	2	2	20	20	3	20	20	20	15	4
20	3	3	5	4	4	5	15	15	15	15	20	20	1	3	5	2	2	15	4
20	20	20	2	4	4	5	5	5	5	15	20	2	2	3	5	5	15	15	15
1	5	20	2	15	1	20	20	20	15	15	20	3	3	4	5	5	15	1	15
3	5	20	1	15	15	15	15	20	15	20	20	3	4	4	4	1	15	9	10
3	5	20	2	3	4	5	15	20	(1)	20	5	5	5	6	7	8	15	9	10
3	5	20	2	3	4	5	15	20	3	20	5	6	6	6	7	8	15	9	10
20	5	20	20	3	4	5	15	20	3	20	5	6	7	7	7	8	15	9	10
20	20	20	20	20	4	5	15	20	3	20	20	6	7	8	8	8	15	9	10
20	1	2	2	15	15	5	15	20	4	5	20	5	7	8	15	15	15	9	10
5	20	20	20	20	15	15	15	20	4	5	5	5	6	8	1	9	9	9	10
5	20	11	11	20	20	20	20	20	4	4	6	6	6	6	3	3	10	10	10
5	5	4	11	11	11	8	8	8	5	5	5	5	5	6	1	3	7	7	7
1	5	4	11	3	2	2	8	8	8	4	4	4	4	2	7	7	7	1	7
3	4	4	11	3	3	4	6	6	8	8	3	3	3	2	1	20	20	4	6
3	3	11	11	2	4	4	8	6	4	20	20	20	20	20	20	1	20	4	6
4	11	(11)	1	2	3	4	8	6	4	4	20	3	3	2	1	20	20	4	6
4	1	2	2	1	3	3	8	6	6	4	20	20	3	2	20	20	1	4	6
4	4	3	3	3	8	8	8	8	8	2	2	20	20	20	20	2	2	6	6

5)(5)(1)(0)(5)(8)(4)(8)(5)(1)(4)(0)(5)(6)(4)(0)(9)(5)(9)(



### **NURIKABE**

Shade some empty cells black so that the grid is divided into white areas, each containing exactly one number and with the same area in cells as that number. Two white areas may only touch diagonally. All black cells must be connected with each other, but no 2×2 group of cells can be entirely shaded black.

Answer key 1: Enter the lengths of longest horizontal shaded cell block for the marked rows Answer key 2: Enter the lengths of longest vertical shaded cell block for the marked columns In case of double digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.

	A				Y		Y				Y	Y	Y	Y	A			
11													2		4		3	
							2				4							
7								1		1					2			
						3			8			2						
4		4		2									2		1		2	
						2						4						
				8									5		23			8
10			8		3									1				
										2								
																		6
		2				1										6		
										2								
2				2										6				6
		2				2				5						6		

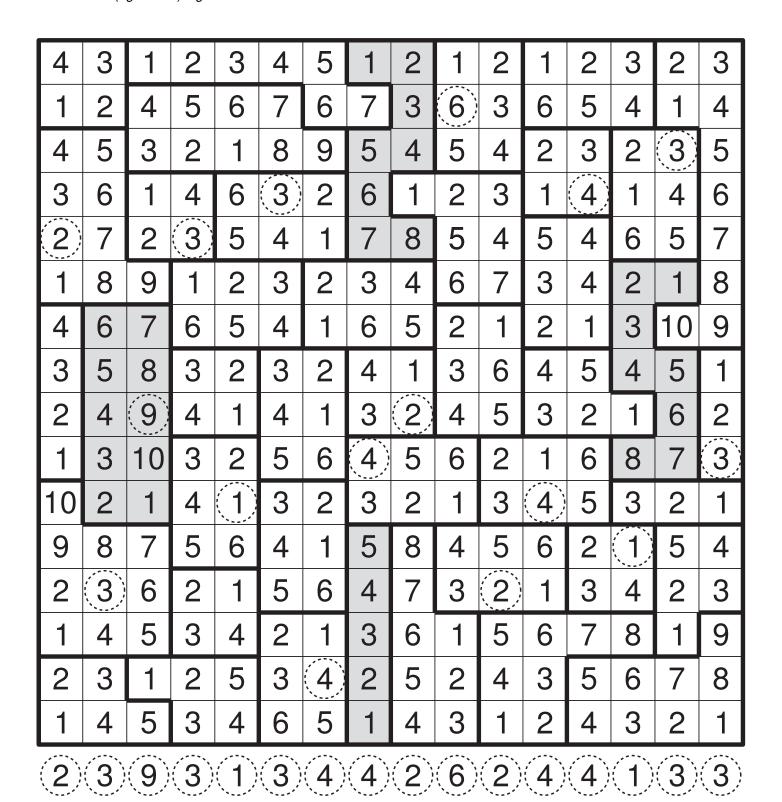
#### **MEANDERING NUMBERS**



Place a number into each empty cell so that each cell has exactly one number and cells that contain the same number do not touch each other, not even diagonally. Each outlined area must contain the numbers from 1 to N (where N is the size of the outlined area in cells) such that consecutive numbers within an outlined area are orthogonally adjacent. (In other words, for each region it must be possible to draw a path that starts at 1 and ends at N, going through each other cell exactly once and in numerically increasing order.)

Shading is for visual / aesthetic appeal only. Ignore shading and the circles while solving.

Answer key: Enter the digits in circled cells from left to right. In case of double digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.



# **TURNING FENCES**



Draw a closed loop by connecting dots horizontally and vertically. The numbers in the grid indicate the amount of turns taken on the four dots around it.

Answer key 1: Enter the lengths of the longest horizontal loop segment for the marked rows. ("-" if no horizontal loop segment)

Answer key 2: Enter the lengths of the longest vertical loop segment for the marked columns ("-" if no vertical loop segment)

In case of double digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.

2	2	3		2	3	3		2	3	3		2	3	3		3	2	3
3	3	2		2	3	3		1	2	1		1	2	3		2	1	2
1	2	1		3	2	2		2	2	1		1	2	3		2	1	2
2	3	2			3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	1			2	2	1
2	2	2		1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	3		2	2	2
3	3	2		2	2								1	3		2	3	3
				1	2		2	3		2	1		2	2				
3	3	2		1	2								2	1		1	2	3
3	3	2		2	2		3		3		2		2	2		2	1	2
3	3	3		2	2		1				2		3	3		1	1	3
				2	2		1	3	3	2	1		3	2				
2	2	1		2	2								3	2		1	1	1
1	1	2		3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	3		2	2	2
1	1	2			3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3			3	2	3
2	2	3		1	2	2		3	3	3		2	2	3		1	2	2
1	2	3		1	2	3		2	2	3		3	2	2		2	3	2
1	3	3		2	1	3		2	2	1		3	2	2		2	2	1
	•	_	_	•	•										•	•		

### **REGIONAL BATTLESHIPS**

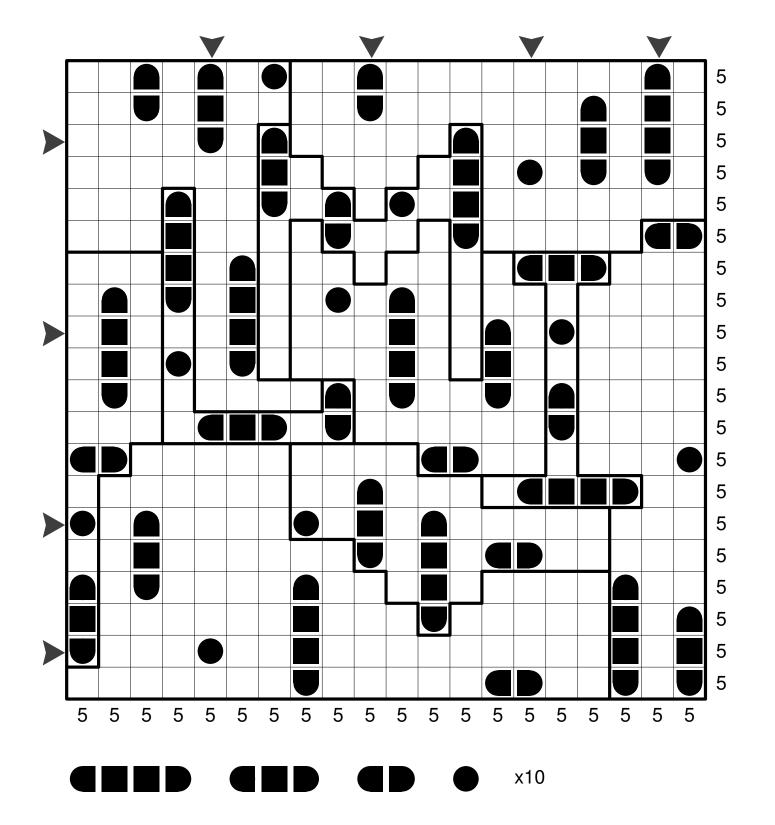


Place one copy of the fleet shown inside each black-edged region of the grid. The ships do not touch, not even diagonally, and cannot cross the boundaries of the regions. The number of ship segments in each row and column is indicated outside the grid. Some ship segments may be already placed.

Answer key 1: Enter the lengths of the first 3 consecutive groups of unoccupied cells for the marked rows (from left to right). Enter "-" if less than 3 groups.

Answer key 2: Enter the lengths of the first 3 consecutive groups of unoccupied cells for the marked columns (from top to bottom). Enter "-" if less than 3 groups.

In case of double digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.



### **REGIONAL CODED SNAKE**



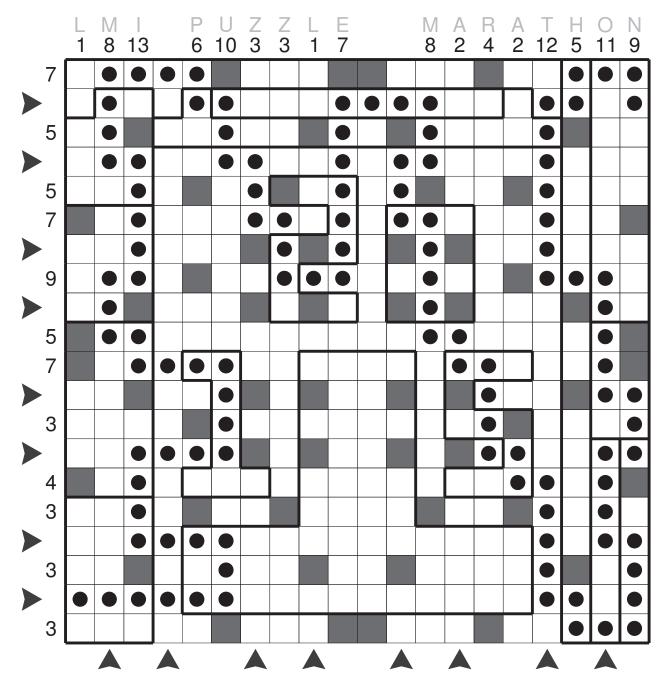
Find a snake which forms a single continuous path from the head to the tail. The head and tail of the snake are marked with black circles. Adjacent cells of the snake are connected horizontally or vertically. The snake has one cell width and cannot touch itself even at a point.

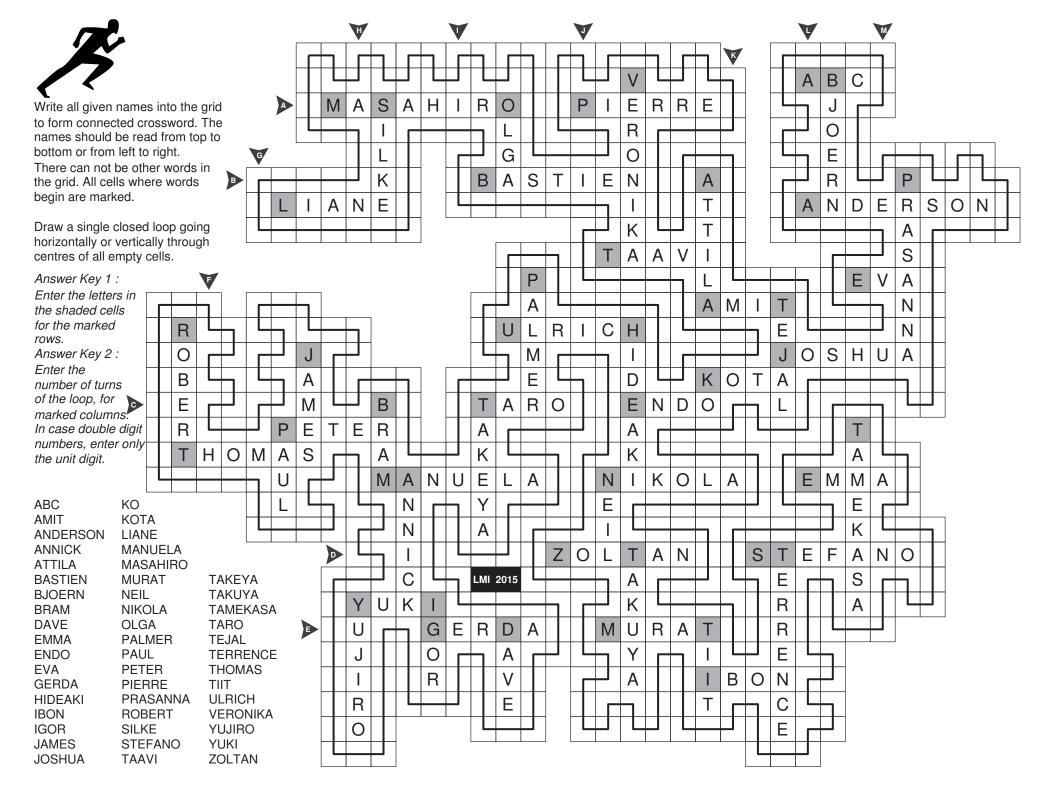
In the grid, there are some regions surrounded by thick lines. Each of these regions MUST contain exactly 5 segments of the snake. There are also some cells which do not belong to any region as they are not surrounded by thick lines on all sides.

Each of the alphabets at the top represents the code for a different number from 1 to 13. Same alphabet indicates the same number and different alphabets indicates different numbers. The alphabets indicate the number of snake segments in the particular column. The numbers on the left indicate the number of snake segments in the particular row.

Some cells are already grayed. These cells cannot form part of the snake.

Answer key 1: # of cells occupied by the snake in the marked rows. Answer key 2: # of cells occupied by the snake in the marked columns. In case of double digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.





### **HIDOKU**



Write a different number between 1 and 400 into every cell of the diagram, using each number exactly once. Consecutive numbers must be in orthogonally or diagonally adjacent cells.

Ignore the circles while solving.

Answer key: Enter the digits in circled cells from left to right. In case of double or triple digit numbers, enter only the unit (right most) digit.

184   375   187   194   197   192   199   232   203   256   255   365   226   223   220   31   218   29     183   376   374   188   191   198   233   258   257   204   366   254   364   209   222   221   30   217   20   20   253   208   363   210   212   213   216   21   213   216   22   221   211   214   215   22   251   362   211   214   215   22   251   361   23   24   24   250   361	34 35 37 36 28 38 27 39 40 26 25 41 42 43
183 376 374 188 191 198 233 258 257 204 366 254 364 209 222 221 30 217   182 173 377 373 189 190 259 234 368 367 205 253 208 363 210 212 213 216   172 181 174 378 372 260 370 369 235 271 206 207 252 251 362 211 214 215   171 175 180 179 379 371 261 104 270 236 272 240 241 242 250 361 23 24	28) 38 27 39 40 26 25 41 42 43
182 173 377 373 189 190 259 234 368 367 205 253 208 363 210 212 213 216 363   172 181 174 378 372 260 370 369 235 271 206 207 252 251 362 211 214 215 362   171 175 180 179 379 371 261 104 270 236 272 240 241 242 250 361 23 24	27 39 40 26 25 41 42 43
172 181 174 378 372 260 370 369 235 271 206 207 252 251 362 211 214 215   171 175 180 179 379 371 (261) 104 270 236 272 240 241 242 250 361 23 24	26 25 41 42 43
171 175 180 179 379 371 (261) 104 270 236 272 240 241 242 250 361 23 24	25 41 42 43
	12 43
170 168 176 380 178 262 105 269 103 237 239 273 276 277 243 (249) 360 22	
	6 11
169   167   381   177   263   106   268   59   60   102   238   275   274   244   278   248   21   359   4	16   44
87 382 166 165 107 264 267 58 57 61 101 (100) 245 279 247 19 20 47 3	58 45
86 88 383 164 108 94 265 266 62 56 99 337 280 246 18 17 49 48 3	55 357
89 85 163 (384) 93 109 95 96 (63) 98 55 336 338 281 282 50 16 354	4 356
84 90 162 92 385 76 110 74 97 64 335 54 53 339 51 283 353 15 3	99 13
83 157 91 161 77 386 75 111 73 65 66 334 348 52 (340) 352 284 398	2 (400)
156 82 158 78 160 129 387 72 112 67 333 347 349 341 351 285 397 11	2 3
155 81 79 159 128 130 71 388 68 113 332 346 342 350 286 396 10 1	6 4
154 80 (144) 127 126 131 70 69 389 331 114 343 345 287 395 9 306 7 3	04 5
153 145 143 125 135 134 132 329 330 390 115 344 319 394 288 307 8 305 3	01 303
146 152 142 136 (124) 133 122 328 326 116 391 320 393 318 308 289 (290) (300) 2	92 302
151 147 148 141 137 123 121 327 117 325 321 392 317 314 309 311 299 291 2	96 293
150 149 140 139 138 120 119 118 324 323 322 316 315 313 312 310 298 297 2	95 294

7 )( 5 )( 4 )( 4 )( 6 )( 1 )( 8 )( 3 )( 0 )( 6 )( 0 )( 9 )( 3 )( 0 )( 9 )( 0 )( 8

## **SUMMON**



Fill the grid digits from 1 to 3, so that each region includes all digits exactly once. Same digits cannot touch each other, even diagonally. Outside clues show the sum of all numbers in the corresponding direction. Numbers should be read from left to right or top to bottom.

Shading is for visual / aesthetic appeal only. Ignore shading and the circles while solving.

Answer key: Enter the digits in circled cells from left to right. Enter X for blank cells.

3	2	1	3	2	1		1				1		3	1			1	321355
		Г						3	1	2	3	2		2	3	2		31464
								2			1		1				3	7
				Г		3		1				3	2	3	2			1
	3						2	(3)		3							2	31
	2			1	3	1					1		2	3	1		1	366
	1		2				2		1		2		1		2		2	13
2				3	2	1		3	2	3		3	2	3		3	1	1000
(3)		3	2	1		3	2	1		1	2	1				2		768
					2									1	3	1	3	1315
						3	1	3		3	2			2		2		349
	3	2	1		1	2		2	1		1		3		3		3	
	1		3			3		3		3			2	1				34
3	2			1				1	2			1			2	1	2	
1			2				2			1	3					3		
3	2		1	3				3	2				3	1		1	2	120
	1		2		2						2				3		3	13
	2			1	3	1		3				1	2				(1)	149
339	847	6	232	39	/ (C)	342	10	/ (C)\	18	<i>/</i> />	171	/\$\	264	35		3345		
(3)	(3)	(X)	(3)	(उ	(2)		(X)	(3)	(X)	(X)	2	(2)	(3)	(X)	(3)	(2)	(1)	;