## LOGIC MASTERS INDIA MAY SUDOKU TEST



## SUDOKU 8X8

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May 12. - 14. 2012
Instruction Booklet
Pre-solvers:
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## PART A

14 puzzles $-8 \times 8$ minutes -360 points

## PART B

14 puzzles - $8 \times 8$ minutes -448 points

| A1 Classic sudoku | 14 points | B1 Classic sudoku | 33 points |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A2 Classic sudoku | 14 points | B2 Classic sudoku | 11 points |
| A3 Diagonal sudoku | 39 points | B3 Antidiagonal sudoku | 49 points |
| A4 Cube sudoku | 7 points | B4 Irregular cube sudoku | 26 points |
| A5 Nonconsecutive sudoku | 26 points | B5 Irregular sudoku | 24 points |
| A6 Killer sudoku | 27 points | B6 Surplus-deficit sudoku | 14 points |
| A7 Greater than sudoku | 41 points | B7 Untouchable sudoku | 16 points |
| A8 GT consecutive sudoku | 23 points | B8 X sums sudoku | 35 points |
| A9 Quadruple sudoku | 22 points | B9 Even sudoku | 42 points |
| A10 Pencil marks sudoku | 59 points | B10 Even prime numeral | 30 points |
| A11-14 Foursome sudoku | 32 points | B11 Toroidal sudoku | 15 points |
| $448-360$ or | 44 points | B12 Irregular without regions | 67 points |
| $448-360=88$ or | 56 points | B13 Skyscrapers sudoku | 29 points |
| $360+448=808$ or | 88 points | B14 Odd-even view skyscrape | 57 points |

Sudoku $8 \times 8$ consists of two independent parts, which may be solved anytime during the weekend. Instruction booklet contains example puzzles of sizes $2 \times 2 \times 2,6 \times 6$ or $8 \times 8$.
Time bonus: 3 points per each minute, if all puzzles from the puzzle set are solved correctly Answer key: For each puzzle there will be one marked row or column or few marked cells, Watch out the puzzle B12, which have different answer key (see below)
$\stackrel{\text { PART }}{\text { A }}$
A1-2) Classic sudoku $14+14$ points
Theme: Sudoku $8 \times 8$ with rectangles $2 \times 4$ placed horizontally
Number of puzzles: 14 puzzles
Time limit:
$8 \times 8$ minutes
Maximum score: 360 points
Time bonus: 3 points per minute

Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle (2x4).

|  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 |  |  | 8 | 3 |  |  | 6 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  |
|  | 8 |  | 4 | 7 |  | 5 |  |
|  | 4 |  | 2 | 6 |  | 8 |  |
|  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 1 |  |  | 6 | 5 |  |  | 7 |
| 4 | 7 |  |  |  | 6 | 2 |  |


| 6 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 |
| 3 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 2 |
| 2 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| 7 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 5 |
| 8 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 4 |
| 1 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 7 |
| 4 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 8 |

A3) Diagonal sudoku
39 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column, outlined rectangle and both marked diagonals.


| 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 3 |  | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 3 |
| 3 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 2 |

A4) Cube sudoku
7 points
Fill in the whole cube with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row and every outlined rectangle.


A5) Killer sudoku
27 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and coloured rectangle. The grid is divided into small outlined regions. The sum of the numbers in each outlined region is equal to the corresponding number given in a corner of the outline. No digit is repeated within a given outlined region.


| 10 |  | 9 | 4 |  | 6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
|  | 8 |  | 10 | 11 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| 6 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| 2 | 6 | 8 |  | 6 |  |
| 4 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| 9 |  |  | 8 |  | 9 |
| 3 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 |

A6) Nonconsecutive sudoku
26 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. No consecutive numbers may neighbour horizontally and vertically.


| 6 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 |
| 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 6 |

## A7) Greater than sudoku

## 41 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Numbers must be placed according to greater ( $>$ ) and less (<) signs.


A8) Greater than Consecutive sudoku

| 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 6 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 6 |
| 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 1 |
| 1 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 2 |

23 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Numbers must be placed according to greater ( $>$ ) and less (<) signs. All the consecutive numbers have the sign of inequality between themselves (and conversely the signs always match consecutive numbers).


Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Each set of four small numbers in the intersection of two lines indicate the numbers that are in the four adjacent cells.


| 6 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 2 |
| 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 2 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| 1 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 4 | 2 | 6 | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|c} -2356 \\ \hline 5 & 3 & 1 \end{array}$ |  |  |

## A10) Pencil marks sudoku

59 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. In each cell all possible numbers are given. Choose one of them to obtain valid solution.

| 124 | 256 | 134 | 135 | 246 | 136 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 256 | 126 | 256 | 124 | 456 | 235 |
| 146 | 236 | 345 | 346 | 145 | 156 |
| 246 | 134 | 245 | 235 | 145 | 134 |
| 345 | 156 | 126 | 346 | 124 | 245 |
| 234 | 145 | 256 | 123 | 356 | 156 |


| 4 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
| 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| 6 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| 3 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 5 |

A11-14) Foursome sudoku one solved 32, two solved 44, three solved 56 , all four 88 points There are four sudoku grids in the corners to be filled in. The grids at the top and bottom contain few numbers that correspond to a sum of two digits that should be placed in the same cell in the neighbouring sudoku grids. The left and right ones contain few numbers that correspond to a product of two digits that should be placed in the same cell in the neighbouring sudoku grids.

The four corner grids follow common $8 \times 8$ sudoku rules: Fill in each grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined region. This foursome sudoku consists of four different types of grids - two usual grids, one grid with rotated rectangles and one irregular grid.

SUM

|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 8 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 11 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 9 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 9 |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 24 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 24 |
|  | 8 | 6 |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 12 |  |  | 1 |
|  | 2 | 25 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 1 | 20 |  |  |
|  |  | 24 | 20 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 30 | 1 |  |
| 4 |  |  | 3 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4 | 36 |  |
| 15 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  | 4 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 8 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 8 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 11 |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SUM

| 1 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 |
| 4 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| 5 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| 5 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 5 |
| 6 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 2 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 6 |


| 1 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| 3 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 4 |
| 5 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
| 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 4 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| 5 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 6 |
| 6 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| 3 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 5 |

Number of puzzles: 14 puzzles
$8 \times 8$ minutes

Maximum score: 448 points
Time bonus: $\quad 3$ points per minute

B1-2) Classic sudoku
$33+11$ points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle ( $2 \times 4$ ). These outlined rectangles will be rotated.

|  |  |  | 4 | 1 | 8 | 7 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 5 |  | 7 |  |  | 2 |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  | 5 | 6 |  | 4 | 8 |
| 8 | 1 |  | 3 | 7 |  |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 7 | 7 |  |  | 8 |  | 6 | 4 |
|  | 4 | 6 | 8 | 2 |  |  |  |


| 6 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 7 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 5 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| 4 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 1 |
| 7 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 2 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 3 |
| 2 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 7 |

B3) Antidiagonal sudoku
49 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Each marked diagonal contains exactly three different numbers.


| 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| 1 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 3 |
| 3 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| 4 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 2 |
| 6 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 |

Fill in the whole cube with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row and every outlined region.


B5) Irregular sudoku

## 24 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined irregular region.


| 1 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 |
| 4 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| 6 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| 2 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 4 |
| 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 |

## B6) Surplus-deficit sudoku

## 14 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row and column. In regions with less than 8 cells the numbers should not repeat. In regions with more than 8 cells each number should appear at least once.


| 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| 3 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 2 |
| 4 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 |

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. The same numbers should not touch each other.


| 5 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| 2 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| 6 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 |
| 1 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 3 |

## B8) $X$ sums sudoku

35 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Numbers outside the grid indicate the sum of first X-numbers in corresponding direction. Number $X$ is always the first number in corresponding direction. F.E. - if the first number in row is 5 , the outside number indicates the sum of first 5 numbers in that row.



## B9) Even sudoku 42 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Grey cells should contain only even cells.

|  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | 6 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  | 6 |  |
|  | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |
|  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5 |  |  |


| 6 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 5 |
| 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| 3 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| 2 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 |

## B10) Even prime numeral sudoku 30 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. There are few grey cells in each outlined region. In each separate region there should be only even numbers (2468) OR only prime numbers (2357) in grey cells.


| 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 6 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| 3 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 2 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 5 |

B11) Toroidal sudoku
15 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers $1-8$ so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined irregular region. Some of the irregular regions wrap around the grid from top to bottom and/or from left to right.


## B12) Irregular sudoku without regions

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined irregular region. However, the regions are not outlined yet, only few thick lines are given in advantage. The numbers outside the grid indicate the amount of thick lines in corresponding direction. Draw all the border lines and solve usual irregular sudoku.
The answer key for this puzzle is different. There will be one circled cell in the grid and you should inscribe all the numbers from the region of the circled cell. Start with the top left cell of the region and continue row by row. For the example puzzle the answer key should be: 416532

|  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 6 |  | 3 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |


| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 2 |
|  | 3 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| 6 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
|  | 6 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |

B13) Skyscrapers sudoku
29 points
Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Each number represents the height of the skyscraper in each cell. The digits outside the grid indicate the number of skyscrapers seen from the corresponding direction. The bigger skyscrapers hide the smaller ones.


## B14) Odd-even view skyscrapers sudoku 57 points

Fill in the whole grid with numbers 1-8 so that each number appears exactly once in every row, column and outlined rectangle. Each number represents the height of the skyscraper in each cell. The even digits outside the grid indicate the first visible even skyscrapers from that direction. The odd digits outside the grid indicate the first visible odd skyscrapers from that direction. The bigger skyscrapers hide the smaller ones.



